

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Methanol InfinityLab gradient grade for LC
Catalogue No. : 5191-5110, 5191-5110-001, 5191-5110-002, 5191-5110-425
Index-No. : 603-001-00-X
REACH No. : 01-2119433307-44-XXXX
CAS-No. : 67-56-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagents and Standards for Analytical Chemical Laboratory Use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufactured by : EMD Millipore Corporation
400 Summit Dr,
Burlington MA 01803 USA
An affiliate of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany.

Company : Agilent Technologies LDA UK Ltd.
5500 Lakeside Cheadle Royal Business Park,
Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 3GR
United Kingdom

Telephone : +44 (0)3457 125 292
E-mail address : pdl-msds_author@agilent.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : +44 (0)870 8200418 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Flammable liquids, (Category 2)	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute toxicity, (Category 3)	H301: Toxic if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, (Category 3)	H331: Toxic if inhaled.
Acute toxicity, (Category 3)	H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, (Category 1), Eyes, Central nervous system	H370: Causes damage to organs.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Pictogram



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301 + H311 + H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs (Eyes, Central nervous system).
Precautionary Statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P311	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	none

Reduced Labeling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements	
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H301 + H311 + H331	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Precautionary Statements	
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P304 + P340 + P311	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	none

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Formula	: CH4O
Molecular weight	: 32.04 g/mol
CAS-No.	: 67-56-1
EC-No.	: 200-659-6
Index-No.	: 603-001-00-X

Component	Classification	Concentration
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Methanol			
CAS-No.	67-56-1	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 3;	<= 100 %
EC-No.	200-659-6	STOT SE 1; H225, H301,	
Index-No.	603-001-00-X	H331, H311, H370 Concentration limits: >= 10 %: STOT SE 1, H370; 3 - < 10 %: STOT SE 2, H371;	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: fresh air. Make victim drink ethanol (e.g. 1 drinking glass of a 40% alcoholic beverage). Call a doctor immediately (mention methanol ingestion). Only in exceptional cases, if no medical care is available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in fully conscious persons) and make victim drink ethanol again (approx. 0.3 ml of a 40% alcoholic beverage/kg body weight/hour).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Value	Basis
Methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m ³	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
	Remarks	Indicative Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin		
		TWA	200 ppm 266 mg/m ³	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
		Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.		
		STEL	250 ppm 333 mg/m ³	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
		Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.		

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Application Area	Routes of exposure	Health effect	Value
Worker DNEL, acute	dermal	Systemic effects	
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	Systemic effects	260 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, acute	inhalation	Local effects	260 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, longterm	dermal	Systemic effects	
Worker DNEL, longterm	inhalation	Systemic effects	260 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, longterm	inhalation	Local effects	260 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, acute	dermal	Systemic effects	
Consumer DNEL, acute	inhalation	Systemic effects	50 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, acute	oral	Systemic effects	
Consumer DNEL, acute	inhalation	Local effects	50 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, longterm	dermal	Systemic effects	
Consumer DNEL, longterm	inhalation	Systemic effects	50 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, longterm	oral	Systemic effects	
Consumer DNEL, longterm	inhalation	Local effects	50 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Compartment	Value
Fresh water	154 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	570.4 mg/kg
Sea water	15.4 mg/l
Soil	23.5 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Viton®

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 120 min

Material tested: Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type AX

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| a) Physical state | liquid |
| b) Color | colorless |
| c) Odor | characteristic |
| d) Melting point/freezing point | Melting point: -97.8 °C - (ECHA) |
| e) Initial boiling point and boiling range | 64.7 °C at 1,013 hPa - (ECHA) |
| f) Flammability (solid, gas) | No data available |

g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 44 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 5.5 %(V)
h) Flash point	9.7 °C - closed cup - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.9
i) Autoignition temperature	455.0 °C at 1,013 hPa - DIN 51794
j) Decomposition temperature	Distillable in an undecomposed state at normal pressure.
k) pH	No data available
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 0.54 - 0.59 mm ² /s at 20 °C Viscosity, dynamic: > 0.544 - < 0.59 mPa.s at 25 °C
m) Water solubility	1,000 g/l at 20 °C - completely miscible
n) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -0.77 at 25 °C - (HSDB), Bioaccumulation is not expected.
o) Vapor pressure	169.27 hPa at 25 °C
p) Density	0.79 g/cm ³ at 20 °C
Relative density	0.79 - 0.8 at 20 °C
q) Relative vapor density	1.11
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other safety information

Minimum ignition energy	0.14 mJ
Conductivity	< 1 µS/cm
Relative vapor density	1.11

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

Oxidizing agents
perchloric acid
perchlorates
salts of oxyhalogenic acids
chromium(VI) oxide
halogen oxides
nitrogen oxides
nonmetallic oxides
chromosulfuric acid
chlorates
hydrides

zinc diethyl
halogens
powdered magnesium
hydrogen peroxide
Nitric acid
sulfuric acid
permanganic acid
sodium hypochlorite
Exothermic reaction with:
acid halides
Acid anhydrides
Reducing agents
acids
Bromine
Chlorine
Chloroform
magnesium
tetrachloromethane
Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:
Fluorine
Oxides of phosphorus
Raney-nickel
Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with:
Alkaline earth metals
Alkali metals

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Warming.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 100.1 mg/kg

(Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 3.1 mg/l - vapor

(Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Symptoms: Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract.

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 300.1 mg/kg

(Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: (ECHA)

Remarks: Drying-out effect resulting in rough and chapped skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: (ECHA)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitisation test: - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs. - Eyes, Central nervous system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Additional Information

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Acute effects: , Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, narcosis, Blindness, Impairment of vision, irritant effects, Nausea, Vomiting, agitation, spasms, inebriation, Coma
Drying-out effect resulting in rough and chapped skin.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Systemic effects:

acidosis

drop in blood pressure

agitation, spasms

inebriation

Dizziness

Drowsiness

Headache

Impairment of vision
Blindness
narcosis
Coma

Symptoms may be delayed.

Damage to:

Liver
Kidney
Cardiac
Irreversible damage of the optical nerve.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	flow-through test LC50 - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> (Bluegill) - 15,400.0 mg/l - 96 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	semi-static test EC50 - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea) - 18,260 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)
Toxicity to algae	static test ErC50 - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (green algae) - ca. 22,000.0 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Toxicity to bacteria	static test IC50 - activated sludge - > 1,000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)
Toxicity to fish(Chronic toxicity)	NOEC - <i>Oryzias latipes</i> (Orange-red killifish) - 7,900 mg/l - 200 h Remarks: (External MSDS)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Result: 99 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	600 - 1,120 mg/g Remarks: (IUCLID)
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	1,420 mg/g Remarks: (IUCLID)
Theoretical oxygen demand	1,500 mg/g Remarks: (Lit.)
Ratio BOD/ThBOD	76 % Remarks: Closed Bottle test(IUCLID)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i> (Carp) - 72 d at 20 °C - 5 mg/l(Methanol)
	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.0

12.4 Mobility in soil

Will not adsorb on soil.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) : Methanol

National legislation

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. H2 ACUTE TOXIC

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

22 Methanol

Other regulations

Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations where applicable.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information**Full text of H-Statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); EC_x - Concentration associated with x% response; EL_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

The information contained in this document is based on Agilent's state of knowledge at the time of preparation. No warranty as to its accurateness, completeness or suitability for a particular purpose is expressed or implied.

Annex: Exposure scenario

Identified uses:

Use: Industrial use

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
SU 3, SU9, SU 10: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Manufacture of fine chemicals, Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)
PC21: Laboratory chemicals
PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
ERC1, ERC2, ERC6a, ERC6b: Manufacture of substances, Formulation of preparations, Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates), Industrial use of reactive processing aids

Use: Professional use

SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
PC21: Laboratory chemicals
PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
ERC2, ERC6a, ERC6b: Formulation of preparations, Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates), Industrial use of reactive processing aids

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Industrial use

Main User Groups	: SU 3
Sectors of end-use	: SU 3, SU9, SU 10
Chemical product category	: PC21
Process categories	: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC15
Environmental Release Categories	: ERC1, ERC2, ERC6a, ERC6b:

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC15

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	: Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
Physical Form (at time of use)	: High volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use : 5 days/week
 Frequency of use : < 8 hours/day

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor with local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Technical conditions and measures

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source**Environment**

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC1	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC2	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC3	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC4	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC5	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC8a	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC9	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC10	ECETOC TRA				< 1
PROC15	ECETOC TRA				< 1

*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system; ECHA Guidance for downstream users; ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Professional use

Main User Groups : **SU 22**
 Sectors of end-use : **SU 22**
 Chemical product category : **PC21**
 Process categories : **PROC15**
 Environmental Release Categories : **ERC2, ERC6a, ERC6b:**

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC15

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).
 Physical Form (at time of use) : High volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use : 5 days/week
 Frequency of use : < 8 hours/day

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor with local exhaust ventilation (LEV)

Technical conditions and measures

Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.

Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source**Environment**

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributing Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC15	ECETOC TRA				< 1

*Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

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